

> restart;with(Riemann):with(TensorPack): with(Canon):CDF(0): CDS(index):

Chapter XX Tensor analysis using indices - Senovilla et al. - Shearfree for acceleration parallel to vorticity if  $\sigma_{ab}=0 \Rightarrow \omega\Theta=0$

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eq78 - attempt intially to prove SSSeq74a directly to SSSeq78 - almost

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{read "EFE"} : \text{read "SFE"} : \text{read "fids"} : \text{read "Seneqs80"} : \\ > \text{eq[74 b]} := \omega[a, b] \cdot \omega[c] \cdot \omega[-c, -B] = 0 : T(\%); \\ &\quad \omega^a{}^b \omega^c \omega_{c;b} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{convert(eq[68], string)}; \\ &\quad "1/2*P[-a,-b]*omega[c]*omega[-b,-C]-1/2*P[-a,-b]*omega[c]*omega[-c,-B]=0" \end{aligned} \quad (1.2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{eq[68]} := 1/2 * P[a, b] * \omega[c] * \omega[-b, -C] - 1/2 * P[a, b] * \omega[c] * \omega[-c, -B] = 0 : T(\%); \\ &\quad \frac{1}{2} P^a{}^b \omega^c \omega_{b;c} - \frac{1}{2} P^a{}^b \omega^c \omega_{c;b} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1.3)$$

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Now combining SSSeqs68 and 74b

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{temp1} := \text{subs}(d=a, \text{TEDS}(\omega[b, d] = -\omega[d, b], \text{subs}(d=-d, \text{TEDS}(\omega[-a, -d] \\ &\quad \cdot P[a, b] = \omega[b, -d], \text{expand}(\omega[-a, -d] \cdot \text{eq[68]})))))) : T(\%); \\ &\quad -\frac{1}{2} \omega^c \omega_{b;c} \omega^a{}^b + \frac{1}{2} \omega^a{}^b \omega^c \omega_{c;b} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1.4)$$

$$> \text{temp2} := -2 \text{ TEDS}(\text{eq[74 b]}, \text{temp1}) : T(\%);$$

$$\omega^c \omega_{b;c} \omega^a{}^b = 0 \quad (1.5)$$

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Now we contract with  $\omega[-a, d]$ :

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{temp3} := \omega[-a, d] \cdot \text{temp2} : T(\%); \\ &\quad \omega_a{}^d \omega^c \omega_{b;c} \omega^a{}^b = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1.6)$$

Now using SSSeq14:

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{temp4} := \text{subs}(a=-d, c=-a, \text{TEDS}(\omega[-a, c] = -\omega[c, -a], \text{eq[14]})) : T(\%); \\ &\quad -\omega^a{}^b \omega_a{}^d = -\omega^2 P^d{}^b + \omega^b \omega^d \end{aligned} \quad (1.7)$$

$$> \text{temp5} := \text{expand}(\text{TEDS}(\text{temp4}, \text{temp3})) : T(\%);$$

$$\omega^2 P^d{}^b \omega^c \omega_{b;c} - \omega^b \omega^c \omega^d \omega_{b;c} = 0 \quad (1.8)$$

and also SSSeqs68 again:

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{temp6} := \text{TEDS}(P[a, b] \cdot \omega[-a] = \omega[b], 2 \cdot \text{expand}(\omega[-a] \cdot \text{eq[68]})) : T(\%); \\ &\quad \omega^c \omega_{b;c} \omega^b - \omega^c \omega_{c;b} \omega^b = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (1.9)$$

>  $\text{temp7} := \text{Absorbg}(\text{TEDS}(P[d, b] = g[d, b] + u[d] \cdot u[b], \text{temp5})) : T(\%);$   
 0, "not a tensor"

$$\omega^2 \omega^c \omega_{b;c} u^b u^d + \omega^2 \omega^c \omega^d_{;c} - \omega^b \omega^c \omega^d \omega_{b;c} = 0 \quad (1.10)$$

We look at the term  $\omega_{b;c} u^b$

>  $\text{temp8} := \text{TEDS}(du[b] \cdot \text{omega}[-b] = \text{Psi} \cdot \text{omega} \cdot \text{omega}, \text{expand}(\text{TEDS}(\text{omega}[-b] \cdot \text{omega}[b, -c] = 0, \text{expand}(\text{TEDS}(\text{subs}(\text{sigma} = 0, b = c, B = C, a = -b, \text{eq}[6]), \text{omega}[-b, -C] \cdot u[b] = \text{omega}[-b] \cdot u[b, -C]))))) : T(\%);$

$$\omega_{b;c} u^b = -u_c \Psi \omega^2 + \frac{1}{3} \theta P^b_c \omega_b \quad (1.11)$$

which is substituted back into temp7:

>  $\text{temp9} := \text{expand}(\text{TEDS}(\text{omega}[c] \cdot \text{omega}[-c] = \omega^2, \text{expand}(\text{TEDS}(\text{omega}[c] \cdot u[-c] = 0, \text{TEDS}(P[b, -c] \cdot \text{omega}[-b] = \text{omega}[-c], \text{TEDS}(\text{temp8}, \text{temp7})))))) : T(\%);$   
 $\omega^2 \omega^c \omega^d_{;c} - \omega^b \omega^c \omega^d \omega_{b;c} + \frac{1}{3} \omega^4 u^d \theta = 0 \quad (1.12)$

**we are almost at SSSeq78 with this expression (temp9).**

>  $\text{eq}[74] := \frac{\text{p}'}{\text{Psi}} \cdot \text{omega}[a] \cdot \text{omega}[-A] = \left( \text{p}' - \frac{2}{3} \right) \cdot \omega^4 : T(\%);$   
 $\frac{\text{p}' \omega^a \omega_{;a}}{\Psi} = \left( \text{p}' - \frac{2}{3} \right) \omega^4 \quad (1.13)$

Now

>  $\text{temp10} := \text{omega}[b] \cdot \text{omega}[-b, -C] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{omega}[-C] : T(\%)$   
 $\omega^b \omega_{b;c} = \frac{1}{2} \omega_{;c} \quad (1.14)$

>  $\text{temp11} := \text{TEDS}(\text{temp10}, \text{temp9}) : T(\%);$

$$\omega^2 \omega^c \omega^d_{;c} - \frac{1}{2} \omega^c \omega^d \omega_{;c} + \frac{1}{3} \omega^4 u^d \theta = 0 \quad (1.15)$$

>  $\text{temp12} := \text{subs}\left(a = c, A = C, \frac{\text{eq}[74] \cdot \text{Psi}}{\text{p}'}\right) : T(\%);$   
 $\omega^c \omega_{;c} = \frac{\Psi \left( \text{p}' - \frac{2}{3} \right) \omega^4}{\text{p}'} \quad (1.16)$

>  $\text{temp13} := \text{collect}\left(\text{isolate}\left(\text{expand}\left(\frac{\text{TEDS}(\text{temp12}, \text{temp11})}{\omega^2}\right), \text{omega}[c] \cdot \text{omega}[d, -C]\right), [\omega^2, \omega[d]]\right) : T(\%);$

$$\omega^c \omega^d_{;c} = \left( \left( \frac{1}{2} \Psi - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Psi}{\text{p}'} \right) \omega^d - \frac{1}{3} u^d \theta \right) \omega^2 \quad (1.17)$$

|  $\vdash$   
| proof completed